

apprehension during the 1850s. The public were under the influence of the Conservatives and the lead of Lord Hartington, Unionists, and that those who might with some show of separatists. Mr. Gladstone, West Calder, and through the influence of the United Kingdom, a separatist is to fix upon him the intention which from the reports they detest and abhor. Gladstone's party, including Separatists, is bad enough, to call themselves Unionists. We have been making hectoring speeches to them you would suppose, with justifiable indignation. There had been some body of influence in the House of Commons who were to deal the Union. Nothing to do with Gladstone and the Parnellites upon the Union. If there were a Statute Book that they would honour and love it is the Act of Mr. Gladstone, "dependence of the Irish nation." The Union, Ireland, according to a gentleman, was a "sovereign independent Kingdom." To the Act put an end: such a great enactment of the kind need not tell you," reiterated an enactment which no man, in Parliament seeks to repeal an enactment which every man, every man of the party to honour to belong—is bound to honour a man of the Gladstonian party, in Parliament seeks independence of Ireland, and believes it is much to be preserved and should not be destroyed, achieved by means "indescribable" still it is a very great Act. I would not see repealed. Parnell at their head, did, reminded his hearers. I talk about the repeal of the Act.

are earnestly requested to attend on this occasion.

ST MARY'S CATHEDRAL.—Twenty-first Sunday after Trinity.—Mattins, 11.30 o'clock; Venite, Webbe in G; Chants, Woodward in D, and Goss in D; Service, Te Deum and Jubilate, Nares, Mus D., in F; Hymn, No 32; Communion Service, Nares in F; Offertory Sentences, Barnby; Preacher, the Dean. Evensong, 3.30 o'clock; Chants, Battishill in A mi., and Foster in E; Service, Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis, Nares in F; Anthem, "I have surely built Thee an house," 1 Ki., viii., 13, Boyce; Preacher, Rev F. Langbridge, M.A.; Hymn after Sermon, No. 35. Week-day services at 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. daily. Litany on Wednesday and Friday. Tuesday, 28th, Feast of SS. Simon and Jude.

DEATH OF THE REV. DR. HAYES.

With profound regret we announce this evening the unexpected demise of the Rev James J. Hayes, LL.D., Curate of St. Michael's Church, which took place last night at Triton Ville, Military Road. The congregation of St Michael's, as well as all who knew him since he came amongst us will hear of the sad intelligence with intense sorrow; it will come as a shock indeed to those who but a few weeks ago saw him in vigorous health. We believe that Dr. Hayes got a wetting a fortnight or so ago while out cycling, and neglecting to change his clothes in time, contracted a severe cold from which he had since been laid up. At first it was looked on as nothing more than a passing chill, and under the skilful care of Drs T. Gelston and Fogerty, Dr Hayes progressed rather favourably up to Thursday night, when a turn for the worse set in, and the rev gentleman gradually sank till the end came at half-past nine last night. He was the eldest son of the late James Hayes, Esq of Brookfield, Keenagh, Co Longford, and was only 27 years of age. He passed through his college course very creditably; obtained a First Class in the Divinity School, and under the new system he received his LL.D degree by examination. Ordained in Dec. 1885, he was appointed to the curacy of Nenagh, which he held till the death of the then Rector, the late Archdeacon Bowles. Two years ago he left Nenagh to the regret of all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance, for the purpose of taking up the curacy of St Michael's Church, to which he was appointed by the Archdeacon of Limerick. His frank and genial manner won for him a host of friends in this city, and being a lover of tennis and other manly pastimes, was well known in social circles. He was an earnest and gifted preacher, and gave promise of attaining high distinction in his sacred calling. Cut off in the bloom of manhood and at the very threshold of his ministry, his death is deeply lamented, and the utmost sympathy is expressed with his relatives in the great affliction with which it has pleased Providence to visit them.

THE TIPPERARY PROSECUTIONS.

With regard to the fish passes, there can be no doubt that some of them could be kept open and provided there was no obstruction of water from their upper pass would be required. An equivalent to the removal of the weir is, however, at Killaloe the level above the weir be so much higher than the level of the river as to induce pressure. The weir is intended as to lessen the force with which the water is to be discharged, and the aperture being any depth of water will run. A fish pass is then substituted for the opening to provide for times when, the water behind, the sluice is not available, and this will be in those states of the river which are generally inclined to a high level which has been built, is not so good but its right wall forms the masonry portion of the weir, thus evidently now providing a passage which the fish can ascend. The arrangements here by which the water is somewhat more acute, the cut is deepened, and the cut in the water to the fish pass would be the head of this diagonal, would be as the site is certainly the best. I am informed that at Killaloe can at all times be kept open for a few feet. This should certainly be a sluice that are to be open as I found to be sometime ago.

Great complaints have been made of the sudden opening of the sluices, and a continuance of the vision which has since been always necessary upon the fisheries below the weir. It is them much of the prospect of the fishery depends; but they will be if the fish were constant in the sudden alterations in the level of the river.

At Lough Allen the matter is too great a scale to be dealt with a regard to the ascension of the pass has been provided, a sluice I have to make is that, nor will it ever be opened to a less level lest the fish in attempting to ascend be injured. From the description of the tributaries which discharge into the river they must be very valuable.

The proposals of the Lough Allen Commissioners are, that the fish-pass should be re-constructed; and that it should be made on the tributary to be placed in the new cut a salmon hatchery should be provided.

I examined the whole of the main river between Killaloe and Shannon, and they appear to be insufficient. The fish-passes such structures should be better understood than they are at the time of their construction.